Chapter 5 Financial Highlights

Condensed Balance Sheets and Income Statements for the Past Five Years

Condensed balance sheet

Unit: NT$'000

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Current assets		11,831,063	11,055,600	13,530,729	23,819,685	10,307,087
Funds and long-term investments		15,276,374	15,660,750	9,808,833	11,359,143	26,670,657
Fixed assets		42,568,638	43,018,691	39,033,012	35,014,385	31,677,951
Intangible assets		8,249,458	14,317,314	13,567,671	12,818,208	12,356,964
Other assets		6,076,924	5,608,974	4,823,691	4,144,036	3,715,045
Total assets		84,002,457	89,661,329	80,763,936	87,155,457	84,727,704
Current liabilities	Before appropriation	42,763,948	23,717,197	18,833,732	25,621,285	29,904,013
	After appropriation	50,565,070	37,686,061	33,861,967	38,061,252	(Note1)
Long-term liabilities		7,551,665	13,200,000	8,000,000	8,800,000	4,000,000
Other liabilities		1,833,915	1,841,534	1,856,978	1,864,617	1,875,680
Total liabilities	Before appropriation	52,149,528	38,758,731	28,690,710	36,285,902	35,779,693
	After appropriation	59,950,650	52,727,595	43,718,945	48,725,869	(Note1)
Capital stock		38,009,254	38,009,254	38,009,254	38,009,254	34,208,328
Capital surplus		8,785,159	12,297,839	12,431,704	12,432,489	12,432,446
Retained earnings	Before appropriation	25,959,268	33,529,532	33,449,530	32,243,481	33,272,277
	After appropriation	18,158,146	19,560,668	18,421,295	19,803,514	(Note1)
Unrealized valuation loss on financial instruments		(64,043)	(5,897)	63,624	89,842	111,306
Translation adjustments		5,764	17,840	12,011	(5,716)	17,612
Net loss not recognized as pension cost		1,534	2,862	（3,797）	（10,695）	(16,775)
Treasury shares		(40,844,007)	(32,948,832)	(31,889,100)	(31,889,100)	(31,077,183)
Total shareholders' equity	Before appropriation	31,852,929	50,902,598	52,073,226	50,869,555	48,948,011
	After appropriation	24,051,807	36,933,734	37,044,991	38,429,588	(Note1)

Note 1: 2011 earnings appropriation proposal is pending approval at the shareholders' meeting.
Note 2: 2007-2011 financial data have been duly audited by independent auditors.

Explanations of significant changes in the Company's condensed balance sheets for the past five years are as follows:

1. Current assets
   In 2009, the Company upstreamed cash from its subsidiary Taiwan Cellular Co., Ltd. (TCC), resulting in an increase in current assets. In 2010, current assets were higher because of an increase in inventory for handset promotional campaigns and a rise in receivables from subsidiaries, who borrowed funds through the parent company due to the parent company having access to lower borrowing rates with the banks. In 2011, the Company had a capital reduction and acquired a 51% stake in Fubon Multimedia Technology (momo), leading to a decrease in current assets.

2. Funds and long-term investments
   TCC, the Company's 100%-owned subsidiary, had a capital reduction in 2009, resulting in a decrease in long-term investments. In 2011, the Company acquired a 51% stake in momo, resulting in an increase in long-term investments.

3. Fixed assets
   The depreciation and retirement of obsolete 2G equipment resulted in a decline in fixed assets.

4. Intangible assets
   In 2008, intangible assets increased as the Company merged with TAT International and inherited the goodwill.

5. Other assets

The 2009 amendment of Article 5 of the Income Tax Act lowered the corporate statutory tax rate from 25% to 20% effective 2010; as such, deferred income tax assets were revised downward accordingly. On June 15, 2010, further amendment of Article 5 of the Income Tax Act reduced the corporate statutory income tax rate from 20% to 17%, leading to a downward revision of deferred tax assets.

6. Current liabilities
Current liabilities decreased due to bank loan repayment and settlement of capital reduction in 2008. The repayment of corporate bond-current portion resulted in a decrease in current liabilities in 2009. In 2010, current liabilities increased due to higher short-term borrowings and advance receipts. As the corporate bond due within one year was reclassified as corporate bond-current portion, current liabilities increased in 2011.

7. Long-term liabilities
In 2008, a second unsecured corporate bond issue and an increase in syndicated loans led to higher long-term liabilities. In 2009, long-term liabilities decreased, as the Company repaid its syndicated loans. As the corporate bond due within one year was reclassified as corporate bond-current portion, long-term liabilities decreased in 2011.

8. Shareholders' equity
In 2008, the sale of 300mn Company shares by its subsidiary led to a decrease in the number of treasury shares, while disposal gains led to an increase in capital surplus and, thus, shareholders' equity. Paid-in capital dropped because of capital reduction in 2011.

Condensed income statement

Unit: NT$'000

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenue	51,284,856	54,311,605	57,015,452	58,547,285	61,919,273
Gross profit	28,908,257	30,204,806	29,849,527	25,738,573	24,125,399
Operating income	16,025,677	16,861,395	16,632,797	13,700,566	11,169,724
Non-operating income	4,538,500	4,791,141	3,730,713	4,465,716	4,506,462
Non-operating expense	12,508,313	1,875,439	2,231,019	1,768,138	833,190
Pre-tax income	8,055,864	19,777,097	18,132,491	16,398,144	14,842,996
Net income	6,612,997	15,371,386	13,888,862	13,822,186	13,468,763
EPS (NT$)	1.68	5.18	4.66	4.62	4.70

Note: 2007-2011 financial data have been duly audited by independent auditors.

Explanations of significant changes in the Company's condensed income statements for the past five years are as follows:

1. Operating income
Increased sales of and subsidies for smart devices to promote data services resulted in higher operating costs and lower operating income in 2010 and 2011.

2. Non-operating income
In 2009, non-operating income decreased due to lower investment income from TAT, which was merged into the Company in Sept. 2008. In 2010, non-operating income increased due to higher investment income resulting from growth in TFN Media Co., Ltd's Pay TV and broadband internet access services.

3. Non-operating expense
Significant losses from the asset write-off of obsolete telecom equipment following technology upgrade and network integration were recognized in 2007. The repayment of corporate bonds at the end of 2009 resulted in lower interest expense in 2010. Lower non-operating expenses in 2011 were due to fewer asset write-offs and losses from the disposal of fixed assets.

Independent auditors' names and their audit opinions for the past five years

Year	Accounting firm	Name of CPA	Opinion
2007	Deloitte & Touche	Peter Fan, Vita Kuo	Modified unqualified opinion
2008	Deloitte & Touche	Vita Kuo, Roger Tai	Modified unqualified opinion
2009	Deloitte & Touche	Peter Fan, S. C. Huang	Unqualified opinion
2010	KPMG	Simon Chen, Janice Lai	Modified unqualified opinion
2011	KPMG	Simon Chen, Janice Lai	Unqualified opinion